

# BASIC BLOCK TOOLS FOR MIXED MODE BINARIES

Hoi Vo

BINARY TECHNOLOGIES  
PPRC  
MICROSOFT RESEARCH

Jan 08 2004

*Work smarter. Get training.*

**<http://mste>**

# AGENDA

- Introduction
- Background On BBT
- The Current Process
- Mixed Mode Twist
- Instrumentation
- Layout Optimization
- The Future With Phoenix

# BINARY TECHNOLOGIES (BIT)

- Improve performance for Windows Platform
  - With focus on managed code
  - Better profile gathering tools without static instrumentation
- Enable solutions that take advantage of both Static and Runtime Analysis
- Better control of compilation process from IL -> code generation -> runtime
  - Back-mapping between different code transformation phases
  - Flexible API to control all phases of compilation

# INTRODUCTION

- BBT is a post-link optimization toolset
- Binary instrumentation
- Profile-guided transformation
  - Use static analysis coupling with dynamic profile data to detect opportunities
  - Automatic binary reordering at basic block level
  - Handle both static code and data blocks
- Improve memory hierarchy performance
  - Minimize memory latencies

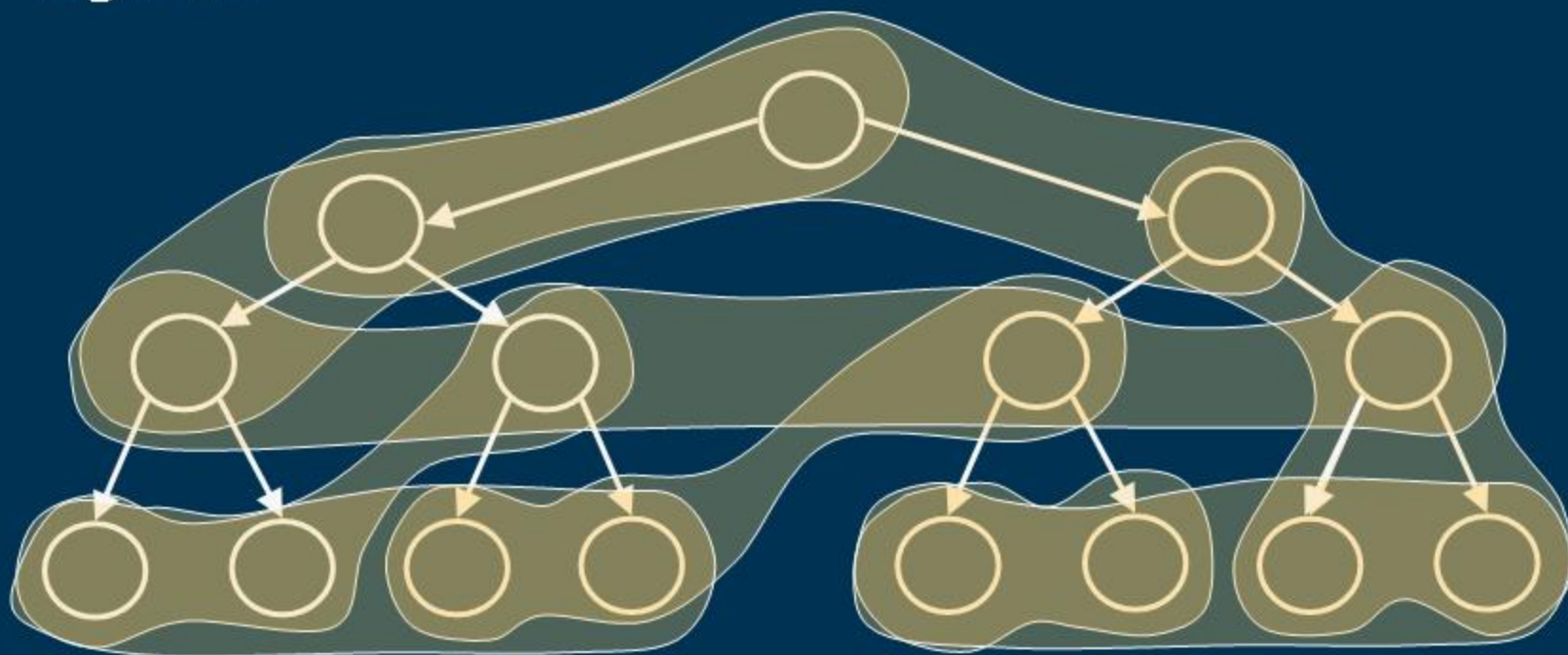
# CODE OPTIMIZATIONS

- Code placement
  - Basic block clustering based on temporal profile data
- Classic code optimizations
  - Control flow restructuring
  - Code specialization
  - Partial inlining

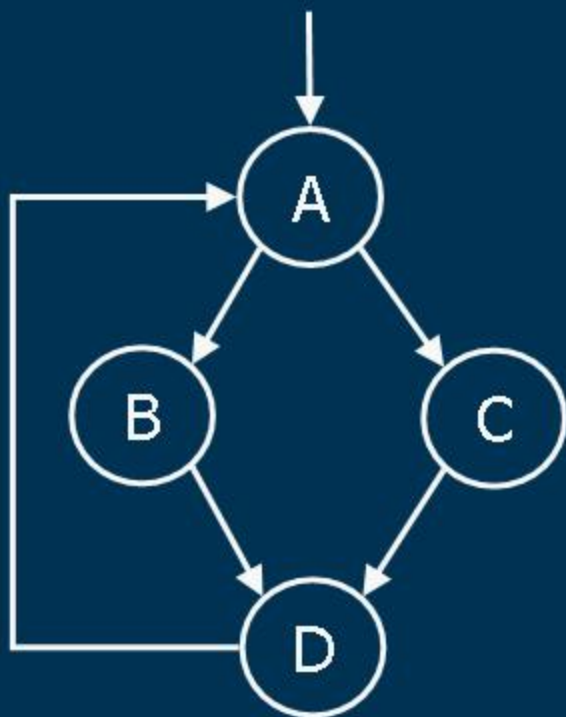


# BASIC BLOCK LAYOUT

- Co-locate basic blocks that need to be in memory together



# CONTROL FLOW RESTRUCTURING



Control Flow Trace:

A-B-D	10
A-C-D	1

A	
B	C
D	

Org

A	
B	D
C	

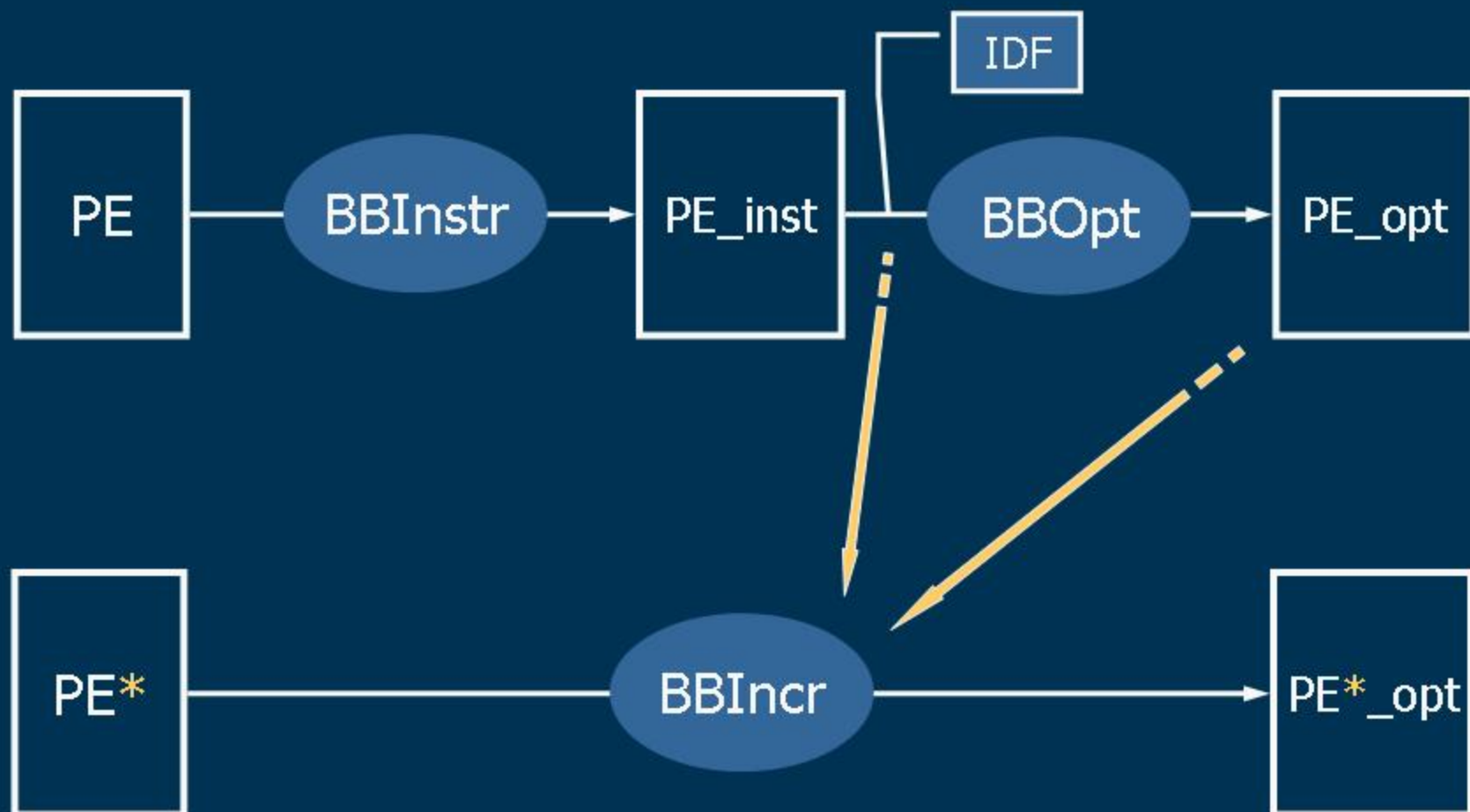
Opt

# DATA OPTIMIZATIONS

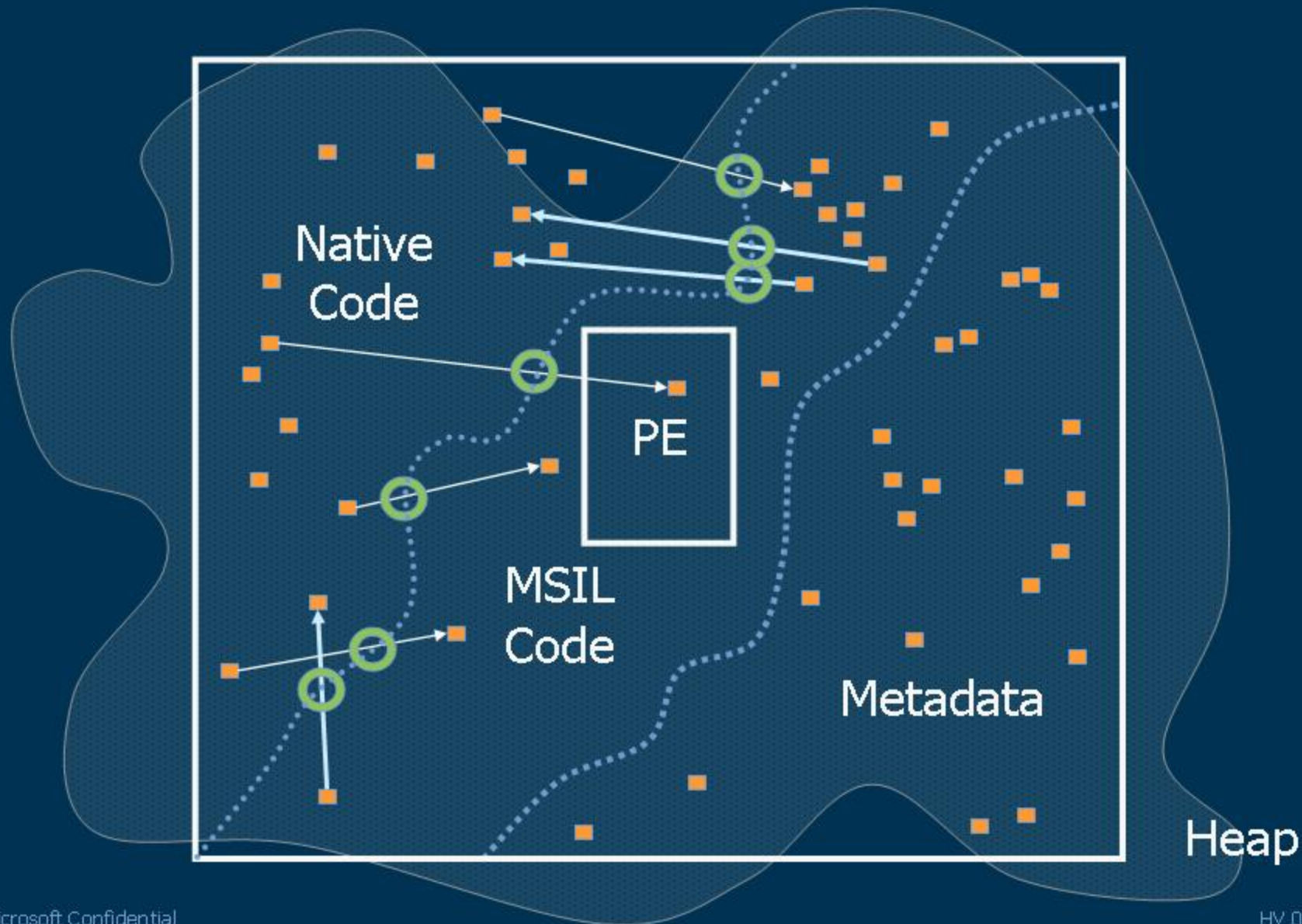
- Data optimization
  - Data layout (based on code references and profiles)
- Static data
  - Co-locate with code blocks that reference them
- Resources
  - Co-locate resources that are being loaded around the same time marker



# THE CURRENT BBT PROCESS



# MIXED MODE BINARIES



# CHALLENGES WITH MIXED MODE

- Instrumentation

- Control flow between Nat and Mgd code
- Metadata accesses

- Optimization

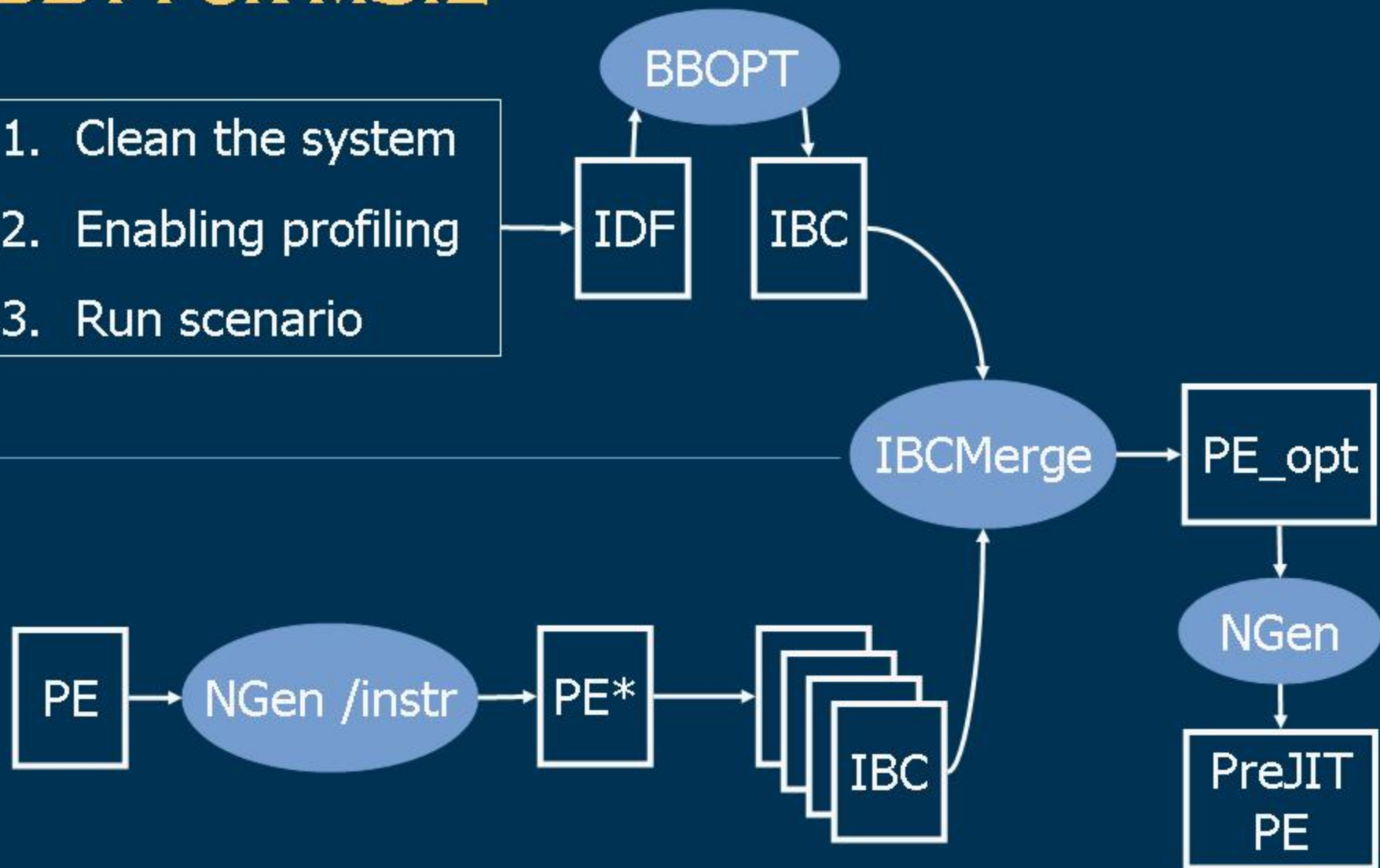
- Native (Nat) and Managed (Mgd) code mixed together
- Mgd methods cannot be split at the IL level
- Metadata reordering

- Incremental

- Diffing Mgd code more complex
- Cannot deal with methods that switch from being Nat to Mgd or vice-versa

# BBT FOR MSIL

1. Clean the system
2. Enabling profiling
3. Run scenario





# CURRENT STATE

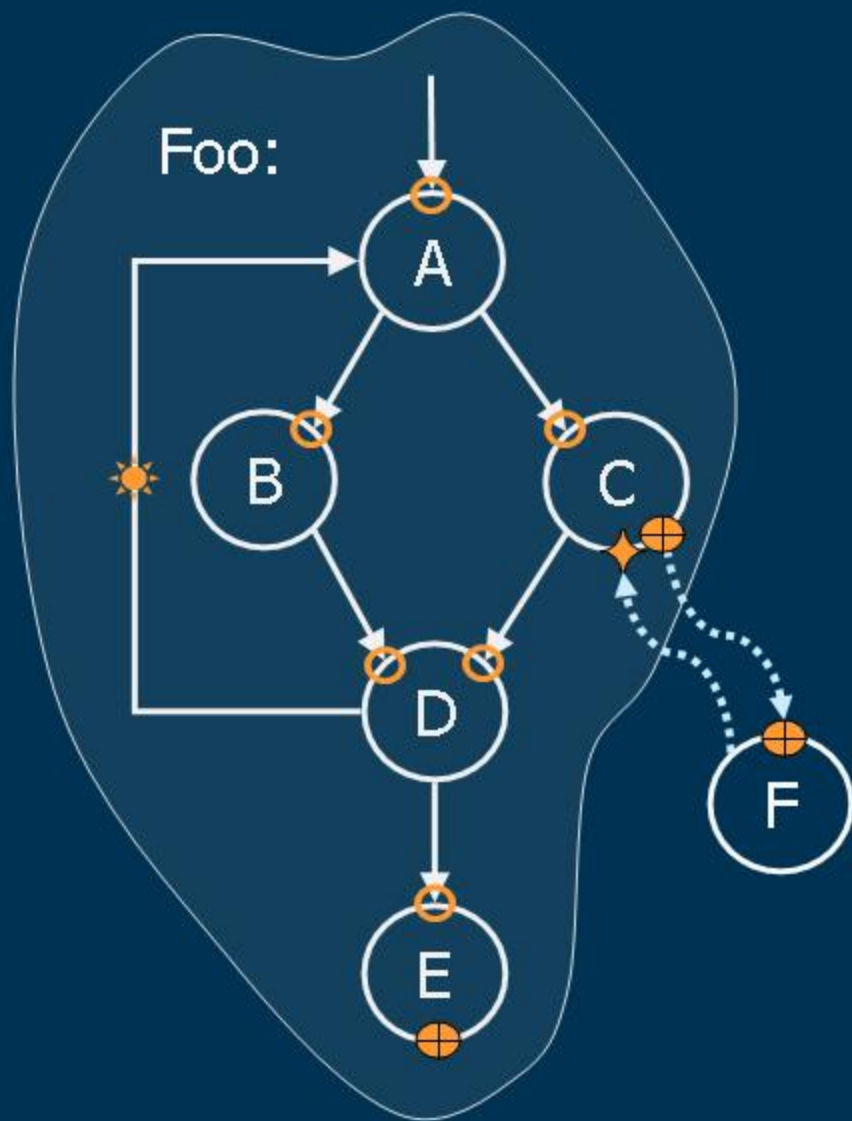
- As smooth as riding a mechanical bull at top speed
- Too many steps to err during the process
- Current optimization impact is limited to IL images
- No common methodologies for validation
- Team needs are too different





So where should  
we start?

# MIXED MODE INSTRUMENTATION



Native Code:

- Temporal ○
- Block count ◆
- Edge flow ☀
- Indirect flow ⊕

Managed Code:

- Temporal ○
- Block count ◆

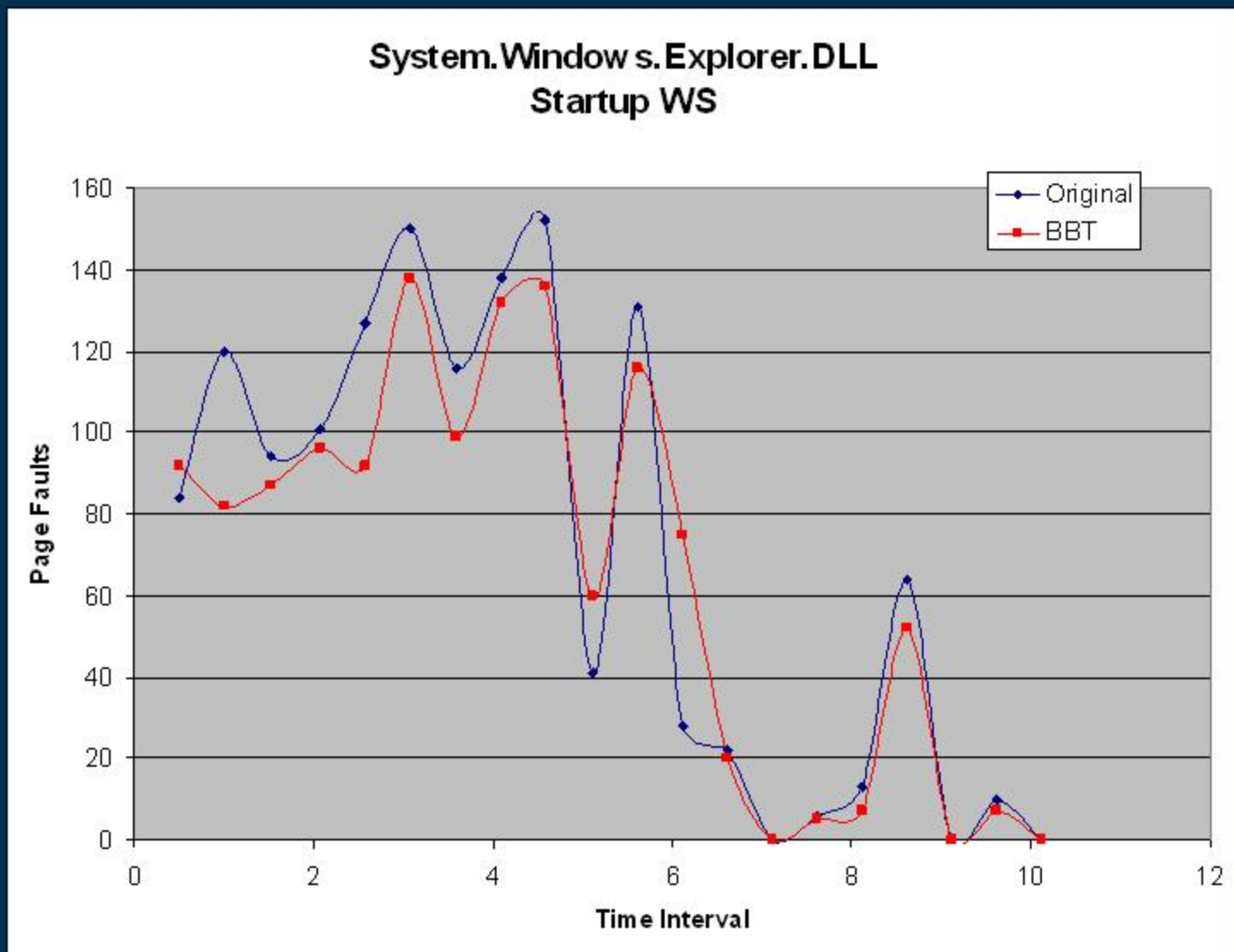
# MIXED MODE OPTIMIZATION

- Native code
  - No change – basic block reordering
- Managed code
  - Re-ordered at the function or method granularity
  - Produce IBC for NGen
- Native <--> Managed transitions
  - \_\_mep\_xxx [Managed Entry Points]
  - Light PInvoke [Native Transition Points]

# BBINCR WITH MIXED MODE

- No change
- Requires
  - Old Org binary + PDB
  - Old IDF + Old KEY
  - New Org binary + PDB
- Or
  - Old Opt binary + PDB
  - New Org binary + PDB

# PRELIMINARY RESULTS

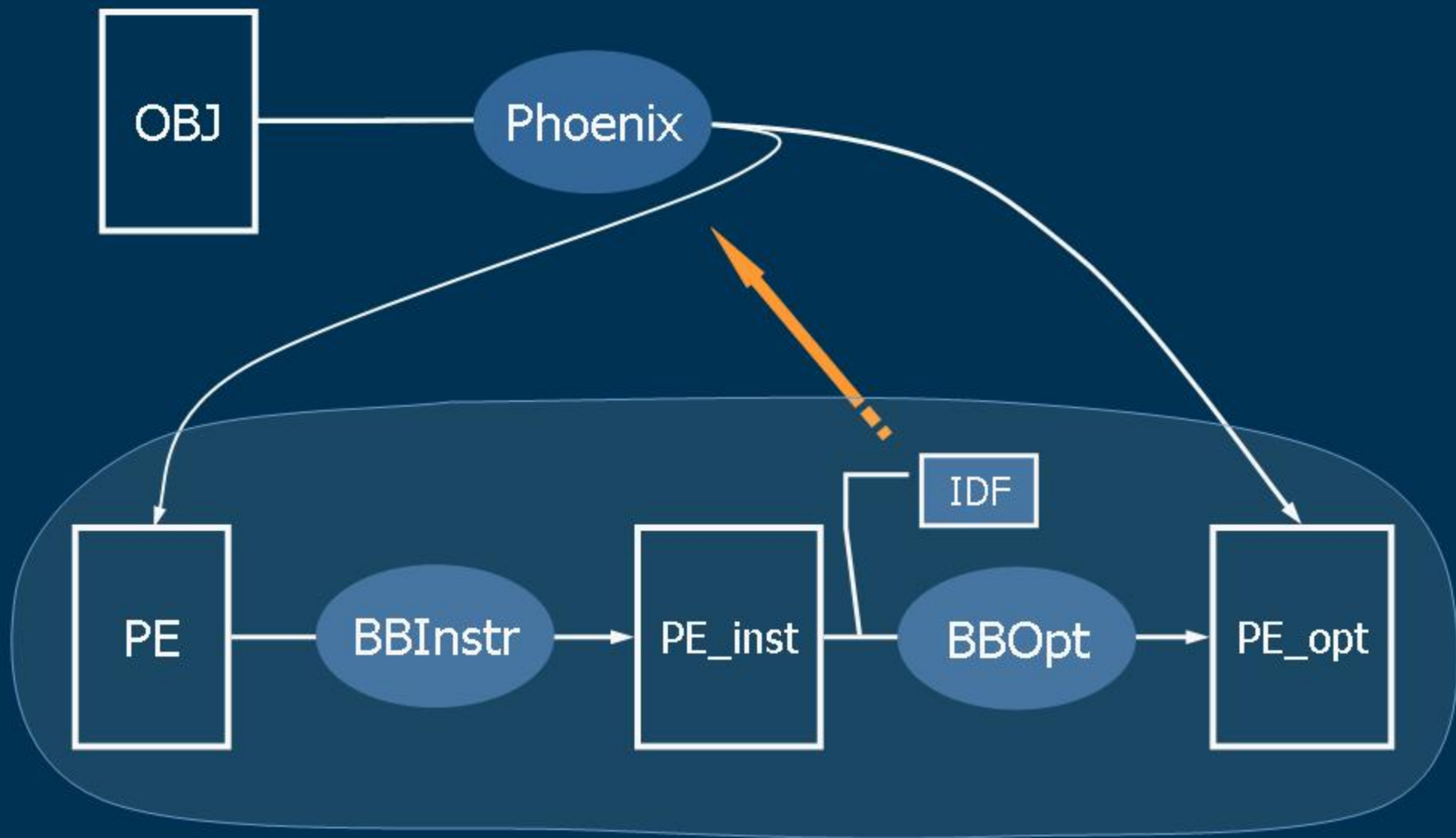




# FUTURE DIRECTIONS FOR BBT

- Instrumentation
  - Reduce dependency on static instrumentation
  - Can leverage profile data from any sources
  - Any properties that could be leveraged for optimization
- Optimization
  - Certain optimizations will be done within compiler codegen engine
  - Layout engine must address all code and all data
  - Can leverage stale profile data
- Adaptive mode for dynamic compilation model (JIT)

# PHOENIX & BBT



# RESOURCES — Q&A

- <http://bbt>
- Aliases: BBTNews; BiTInfo